Clinical Policy: Factor VIII/von Willebrand Factor Complex (Human – Alphanate, Humate-P, Wilate); von Willebrand Factor (Recombinant – Vonvendi)

Reference Number: CP.PHAR.216
Effective Date: 05.01.16
Last Review Date: 02.25
Line of Business: Commercial, HIM, Medicaid

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

The following are factor VIII (FVIII)/von Willebrand factor complexes (human) or recombinant von Willebrand factor requiring prior authorization: Alphanate®, Humate®-P, Vonvendi®, and Wilate®.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

FVIII/von Willebrand factor complexes are indicated for:

- Hemophilia A
  - Alphanate: Control and prevention of bleeding episodes and perioperative management in adult and pediatric patients with FVIII deficiency due to hemophilia A
  - Humate-P: Treatment and prevention of bleeding in adults with hemophilia A (classical hemophilia)
  - Wilate: Adolescents and adults for
    - On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes
    - Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
- Von Willebrand disease (VWD) in children and adults:
  - Alphanate: Surgical and/or invasive procedures in patients in whom desmopressin (DDAVP) is either ineffective or contraindicated
  - Humate-P:
    - Treatment of spontaneous and trauma-induced bleeding episodes
    - Prevention of excessive bleeding during and after surgery. This applies to patients with severe VWD as well as patients with mild to moderate VWD where use of DDAVP is known or suspected to be inadequate
  - Wilate:
    - On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes
    - Perioperative management of bleeding
    - Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes in children 6 years of age and older and adults

Vonvendi is indicated for VWD:

- In adult and pediatric patients for:
  - On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes
  - Perioperative management of bleeding
- In adult patients only for routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes

Limitation(s) of use: Alphanate is not indicated for patients with severe VWD (type 3) undergoing major surgery.

Policy/Criteria
Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Alphanate, Humate-P, Vonvendi, and Wilate are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Congenital Hemophilia A (must meet all)**:**

1. Diagnosis of congenital hemophilia A (FVIII deficiency);
2. Request is for Alphanate, Humate-P, or Wilate;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist;
4. Request is for one of the following uses (a, b, or c):
   a. Control or prevention of bleeding episodes;
   b. Perioperative management (Alphanate only);
   c. Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes (Wilate only);
5. For routine prophylaxis requests (Wilate only), for members who have not previously used Wilate for routine prophylaxis, member meets one of the following (a or b):
   a. Member has severe hemophilia (defined as FVIII level of < 1%);
   b. Member has experienced at least one serious spontaneous bleed (*see Appendix D*);
6. For age ≥ 2 years AND FVIII coagulant activity levels > 5%: Failure of desmopressin acetate, unless contraindicated, clinically significant adverse effects are experienced, or an appropriate formulation of desmopressin acetate is unavailable;*
   **For Illinois HIM requests, the step therapy requirement above does not apply as of 1/1/2026 per IL HB 5395*
7. Documentation of member's current body weight (in kg);
8. Dose does not exceed the FDA approved maximum recommended dose for the relevant indication.

Approval duration:
Surgical/acute bleeding: 3 months
Prophylaxis:
Medicaid/HIM – 6 months (*12 months for HIM Texas*)
Commercial – 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

B. Von Willebrand Disease (must meet all)**:**

1. Diagnosis of VWD;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist;
3. For age ≥ 2 years AND VWD type 1 or 2 (except type 2B): Failure of desmopressin acetate, unless contraindicated, clinically significant adverse effects are experienced, or an appropriate formulation of desmopressin acetate is unavailable;*
   **For Illinois HIM requests, the step therapy requirement above does not apply to Vonvendi or Wilate as of 1/1/2026 per IL HB 5395*

4. Request is for one of the following uses (a, b, or c):
   a. Treatment of bleeding episodes (Humate-P, Vonvendi, and Wilate only);
   b. Perioperative management;
   c. Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes and one of the following (i or ii):
      i. Request is for Vonvendi, and age ≥ 18 years;
      ii. Request is for Wilate, and age ≥ 6 years;
5. Documentation of member's current body weight (in kg);
6. Dose does not exceed the FDA approved maximum recommended dose for the relevant indication.

Approval duration:
Surgical/acute bleeding: 3 months
Prophylaxis:
Medicaid/HIM – 6 months (*12 months for HIM Texas*)
Commercial – 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

C. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2)**:**

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
   a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
   b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all)**:**

1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
   a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
   b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (*refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B);*
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;

3. If request is for a dose increase, both (a and b):
   a. Documentation of member's current body weight in kg (if requesting a higher dose than previously requested);
   b. New dose does not exceed the FDA approved maximum recommended dose for the relevant indication.

Approval duration:
Surgical/acute bleeding: 3 months
Prophylaxis:
Medicaid/HIM – 12 months
Commercial – 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2)**:**
1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
   a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
   b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid, or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

DDAVP: desmopressin acetate
FDA: Food and Drug Administration
FVIII: factor VIII
VWD: von Willebrand disease
vWF: von Willebrand factor

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives
This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
desmopressin acetate (Stimate® nasal spray; generic injection solution)	When FVIII coagulant activity levels are > 5% and for VWD type 1 or 2 (except 2B): Injection: 0.3 mcg/kg IV every 48 hours Nasal spray: < 50 kg: 1 spray intranasally in one nostril only; may repeat based on laboratory response and clinical condition ≥ 50 kg: 1 spray intranasally in each nostril; may repeat based on laboratory response and clinical condition	Injection: 0.3 mcg/kg IV every 48 hours Nasal spray: 1 spray intranasally in each nostril

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): FVIII/vWF complex: patients with known hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylactic or severe systemic reaction, to human plasma-derived products, any ingredient in the formulation, or components of the container; Vonvendi: history of life-threatening hypersensitivity reactions to Vonvendi or its components
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- Serious bleeding episodes include bleeds in the following sites: intracranial; neck/throat; gastrointestinal; joints (hemarthrosis); muscles (especially deep compartments such as the iliopsoas, calf, forearm); or mucous membranes of the mouth, nose, and genitourinary tract.
- Spontaneous bleed is defined as a bleeding episode that occurs without apparent cause and is not the result of trauma.

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Alphanate)	Hemophilia A - control and prevention of bleeding episodes	Minor episodes: 15 IU/kg IV every 12 hours Moderate episodes: 25 IU/kg IV every 12 hours Major episodes: 40-50 IU/kg IV initially followed by 25 IU/kg IV every 12 hours	100 IU/kg/day
FVIII/von Willebrand factor	Hemophilia A - control and prevention of	Minor episodes: 15 IU/kg IV loading dose to achieve a FVIII:C plasma level of approximately 30% of normal; one infusion	75 IU/kg/day

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
complex (Humate-P)	bleeding episodes	may be sufficient. If needed, half of the loading dose may be given once or twice daily Moderate episodes: 25 IU/kg IV loading dose to achieve a FVIII:C plasma level of approximately 50% of normal, followed by 15 IU/kg IV every 8-12 hours for the first 1-2 days to maintain the FVIII:C plasma level at 30% of normal. Continue the same dose once or twice daily for up to 7 days or until adequate wound healing is achieved. Major episodes: 40-50 IU/kg IV initially followed by 20-25 IU/kg IV every 8 hours to maintain the FVIII:C plasma level at 80-100% of normal for 7 days. Continue the same dose once or twice daily for another 7 days to maintain the FVIII:C level at 30-50% of normal.	
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Alphanate)	Hemophilia A – perioperative management	Pre-operative: 40-50 IU/kg IV once as a single dose Post-operative: 30-50 IU/kg IV every 12 hours	100 IU/kg/day
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Humate-P)	VWD – control and prevention of bleeding episodes	<u>Type 1 VWD, mild disease</u> Minor or major episodes: 40-60 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 40-50 IU/kg IV every 8-12 hours for 3 days to keep the trough level of VWF:RCo > 50%. Then 40-50 IU/kg daily for up to 7 days. <u>Type 1 VWD, moderate or severe disease</u> Minor episodes: 40-50 IU/kg IV as one or two doses Major episodes: 50-75 IU/kg loading dose followed by 40-60 IU/kg every 8-12 hours for 3 days to keep the trough level of VWF:RCo > 50%. Then 40-60 IU/kg daily for up to 7 days.	240 IU/kg/day

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
		Type 2 or 3 VWD Minor episodes: 40-50 IU/kg IV as one or two doses Major episodes: 60-80 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 40-60 IU/kg every 8-12 hours for 3 days to keep the trough level of VWF:RCo > 50%. Then 40-60 IU/kg daily for up to 7 days.	
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Wilate)	Hemophilia A - control and prevention of bleeding episodes	Minor or moderate episodes: 30-40 IU/kg IV every 12-24 hours Major episodes: 35-50 IU/kg IV every 12-24 hours Life-threatening episodes: 35-50 IU/kg IV every 8-24 hours	150 IU/kg/day
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Wilate)	Hemophilia A – routine prophylaxis	20-40 IU/kg IV every 2 to 3 days	40 IU/kg/day
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Wilate)	VWD – control and prevention of bleeding episodes	Minor episodes: 20-40 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 20-30 IU/kg every 12-24 hours Major episodes: 40-60 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 20-40 IU/kg every 12-24 hours	60 IU/kg/day
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Wilate)	VWD – perioperative management	Minor surgeries (including tooth extraction): 30-60 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 15-30 IU/kg every 12-24 hours Major surgeries: 40-60 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 20-40 IU/kg every 12-24 hours	60 IU/kg/day
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Wilate)	VWD – Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes	20 – 40 IU/kg two to three times weekly	40 IU/kg three times weekly

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
von Willebrand factor (Vonvendi)	VWD – treatment and control of bleeding episodes	Minor episodes: 40-50 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 40-50 IU/kg every 8-24 hours Major episodes: 50-80 IU/kg IV loading dose followed by 40-60 IU/kg every 8-24 hours for approximately 2 to 3 days	Minor episodes: 150 IU/kg/day Major episodes: 180 IU/kg/day
von Willebrand factor (Vonvendi)	VWD – perioperative management	Minor surgeries: 25-30 IU/kg IV every 12-48 hours Major surgeries: 40-60 IU/kg IV every 12-48 hours	Minor surgeries: 60 IU/kg/day Major surgeries: 120 IU/kg/day
von Willebrand factor (Vonvendi)	VWD- Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes	Initiation of prophylactic treatment: 40-60 IU/kg IV twice weekly	60 IU/kg twice weekly

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Alphanate)	Vials: 250, 500, 1,000, 1,500 IU and 2,000 IU FVIII
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Humate-P)	Vials: 250/600, 500/1,200, 1,000/2,400 IU FVIII/VWF:RCo
von Willebrand factor (Vonvendi)	Vials: 450-850 IU (5 mL), 900-1,700 IU (10 mL) VWF:RCo
FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (Wilate)	Vials: 500/500, 1,000/1,000 IU FVIII/VWF:RCo

VII. References

1. Alphanate Prescribing Information. Los Angeles, CA: Grifols Biologicals Inc.; November 2022. Available at http://www.alphanate.com. Accessed November 1, 2024.

2. Humate-P Prescribing Information. Kankakee, IL: CSL Behring, LLC; June 2020. Available at http://www.humate-p.com. Accessed November 1, 2024.
3. Vonvendi Prescribing Information. Cambridge, MA: Takeda Pharmaceuticals; September 2025. Available at: https://www.shirecontent.com/PI/PDFs/VONVENDI_USA_ENG.pdf. Accessed September 24, 2025.
4. Wilate Prescribing Information. Hoboken, NJ: Octapharma USA Inc.; December 2023. Available at http://www.wilateusa.com. Accessed November 1, 2024.
5. Srivastava A, Santagostino E, Dougall A, et al. WFH guidelines for the management of hemophilia. *Haemophilia.* 2020;26(suppl 6):1-158.
6. Medical and Scientific Advisory Council (MASAC) of the National Bleeding Disorders Foundation (formerly National Hemophilia Foundation): Database of treatment guidelines. Available at: https://www.hemophilia.org/healthcare-professionals/guidelines-on-care/masac-documents. Accessed September 24, 2025.
7. Rezende SM, Neumann I, Angchaisuksiri P, et al. International Society on Thrombosis and Haemostasis clinical practice guideline for treatment of congenital hemophilia A and B based on the Grading of Recommendations Assessment, Development, and Evaluation methodology. J Thromb Haemost. 2024;22(9):2629-2652.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J7183	Injection, von Willebrand factor complex (human), Wilate, 1 IU vWF:RCo
J7186	Injection, antihemophilic FVIII/von Willebrand factor complex (human), per FVIII i.u. (Alphanate)
J7187	Injection, von Willebrand factor complex (Humate-P), per IU VWF:RCO
J7179	Injection, von Willebrand factor (recombinant), (Vonvendi), per 1 IU vWF:rco

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2021 annual review: added requirement for documentation of member's body weight for calculation of appropriate dosage; removed references to valoctocogene, as it was not FDA-approved and likely will not face FDA review again until at least late 2022; for VWD type 1 or 2 (except 2B), added requirement for a prior trial of desmopressin; references to HIM.PHAR.21 revised to HIM.PA.154; references reviewed and updated.	12.01.20	02.21
Added a requirement for high utilizers of FVIII products for routine prophylaxis to use Hemlibra.	09.20.21	11.21

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2022 annual review: removed the redirection to Hemlibra for high factor utilizers until data analysis re: potential cost savings is complete; references reviewed and updated.	11.27.21	02.22
Clarified requirement for coverage of Wilate for routine prophylaxis: the requirement for FVIII activity level or documentation of bleed history only applies to requests for new starts to routine prophylactic therapy; RT4: added newly approved indication for Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis.	03.15.22	05.22
Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications.	10.05.22	
1Q 2023 annual review: Removed "life-threatening" from "life-threatening or serious bleed" criterion as definition of what is serious vs life-threatening may not be mutually exclusive and there exists potential for misinterpretation; references reviewed and updated.	11.07.22	02.23
Extended initial and continued authorization durations for hemophilia and von Willebrand disease prophylaxis from 3 months to 12 months for HIM Texas.	08.25.23	
1Q 2024 annual review: no significant changes; updated sites of serious bleeds per WFH guideline in Appendix D; references reviewed and updated. RT4: for Wilate, added new indication for routine prophylaxis for VWD.	01.08.24	02.24
For continued therapy clarified that member's current weight is only needed if a higher dose is being requested.	04.10.24	05.24
1Q 2025 annual review: revised desmopressin acetate trial to apply only for age ≥ 2 years; for Medicaid and HIM lines of business, initial therapy approval durations revised to from 3 months to 3 months for surgical/acute bleeding and to 6 months for prophylaxis, and continued therapy approval durations revised from 3 months to 3 months for surgical/acute bleeding and 12 months for prophylaxis; for Commercial line of business, all prophylaxis approval durations revised to "6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer;" references reviewed and updated.	11.30.24	02.25
RT4: for Vonvendi, updated with pediatric extension for on-demand treatment of bleeding episodes, control of bleeding episodes, and perioperative management of bleeding, as well as with expansion to types 1 and 2 VWD for routine prophylaxis; added step therapy bypass for IL HIM per IL HB 5395.	09.25.25	

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program

approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members, and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note: For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence.

Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.