

Clinical Policy: Inhaled Agents for Asthma and COPD

Reference Number: CP.PMN.259

Effective Date: 03.01.21 Last Review Date: 02.22 Line of Business: Medicaid

Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

The following are inhaled agents for asthma and/or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) requiring prior authorization:

- Short acting beta-2 agonist (SABA): albuterol (ProAir® Digihaler®), levalbuterol (Xopenex® HFA, Xopenex® inhalation solution)
- Inhaled corticosteroid (ICS): budesonide (Pulmicort Respules[®]*, Pulmicort Flexhaler[™]), ciclesonide (Alvesco[®]), fluticasone (Armonair[®] Digihaler[™], Flovent[®] Diskus[®]), mometasone (Asmanex[®] Twisthaler[®])
- Long acting beta-2 agonist (LABA): arformoterol (Brovana[®]), formoterol (Perforormist), indacaterol (Arcapta[®] Neohaler[®]), olodaterol (Striverdi[®] Respimat[®])
- Long acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA): glycopyrrolate (Seebri[™] Neohaler[®], Lonhala[®] Magnair[®]), tiotropium bromide monohydrate (Spiriva[®] Handihaler[®], Spiriva[®] Respimat[®]), revefenacin (Yupelri[®])
- Combination ICS/LABA: budesonide/formoterol (Symbicort®)*, fluticasone/vilanterol (Breo Ellipta®), fluticasone/salmeterol (Advair Diskus®*, Advair HFA®, AirDuo® Digihaler™, AirDuo® RespiClick®), mometasone/formoterol (Dulera®)
- Combination LABA/LAMA: aclidnium/formoterol (Duaklir[®] Pressair[®]), glycopyrrolate/formoterol (Bevespi Aerosphere[™]), indacaterol/glycopyrrolate (Utibron[™] Neohaler[®]), tiotropium/olodaterol (Stiolto[®] Respimat[®]), umeclidinium/vilanterol (Anoro[®] Ellipta[®])
- Combination ICS/LAMA/LABA: fluticasone/umeclidinium/vilanterol (Trelegy[™] Ellipta[®]), budesonide/glycopyrrolate/formoterol (Breztri Aerosphere[™])

FDA Approved Indication(s)

ProAir Digihaler and Xopenex are indicated for the treatment or prevention of bronchospasm in adults, adolescents, and children (ProAir Digihaler/Xopenex HFA: 4 years of age and older; Xopenex inhalation solution: 6 years of age and older) with reversible obstructive airway disease. ProAir Digihaler is also indicated for the prevention of exercise-induced bronchospasm (EIB) in patients 4 years of age and older.

The other inhaled agents are indicated as follows:

Drug Name	Asthma	COPD
ICS		
Alvesco	$X (Age \ge 12 \text{ years})$	
Armonair Digihaler	$X \text{ (Age } \ge 12 \text{ years)}$	

^{*}Generic agents do not require prior authorization.



Drug Name	Asthma	COPD
Asmanex Twisthaler	$X (Age \ge 4 \text{ years})$	
Flovent Diskus	$X (Age \ge 4 \text{ years})$	
Pulmicort Flexhaler	$X \text{ (Age } \ge 6 \text{ years)}$	
Pulmicort Respules	X (Age 1-8 years)	
LABA		
Arcapta Neohaler		X
Brovana		X
Perforomist		X
Striverdi Respimat		X
LAMA		
Lonhala Magnair		X
Seebri Neohaler		X
Spiriva Handihaler		X
Spiriva Respimat	$X (Age \ge 6 \text{ years})$	X
Yupelri		X
ICS/LABA		
Advair Diskus	$X (Age \ge 4 \text{ years})$	X
Advair HFA	$X (Age \ge 12 \text{ years})$	
AirDuo Digihaler	$X (Age \ge 12 \text{ years})$	
AirDuo RespiClick	$X (Age \ge 12 \text{ years})$	
Breo Ellipta	$X (Age \ge 18 \text{ years})$	X
Dulera	$X (Age \ge 5 \text{ years})$	
Symbicort	$X \text{ (Age } \ge 6 \text{ years)}$	X
LABA/LAMA		
Anoro Ellipta		X
Bevespi Aerosphere		X
Duaklir Pressair		X
Stiolto Respimat		X
Utibron Neohaler		X
ICS/LABA/LAMA		
Breztri Aerosphere		X
Trelegy Ellipta	$X (Age \ge 18 \text{ years})$	X

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that inhaled agents for asthma and COPD are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Requests for Xopenex HFA/Inhalation Solution (must meet all):
 - 1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Presence of cardiac disease;



- b. Member experienced clinically significant adverse effects from albuterol use within the last 90 days;
- 2. Member does NOT have history of allergy or hypersensitivity to albuterol or levalbuterol;
- 3. Request does not exceed (a or b):
 - a. Xopenex HFA: 2 inhalers per 30 days;
 - b. Xopenex inhalation solution: 4 vials per day (12 mL per day).

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 6 months

Legacy WellCare – 12 months

B. Requests for All Other Inhaled Agents for Asthma or Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of asthma or COPD as FDA-approved for the requested agent (*see FDA Approved Indications section*);
- 2. Age is one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Asthma: Appropriate per the prescribing information for the requested agent (*see FDA Approved Indications section*);
 - b. COPD: \geq 18 years;
- 3. Failure of the following formulary agent(s) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated:

Requested Agent	Required Step Through Agent(s)
ProAir Digihaler	Two generic albuterol sulfate HFA products, each from
	a different manufacturer
Brand Pulmicort	Medical justification supports inability to use generic
Respules	Pulmicort Respules (e.g., contraindications to
	excipients) AND either age is between 1 to 8 years or
	documentation supports inability to use inhaler devices
All other ICS: Alvesco,	Qvar [®] RediHaler [™] , Arnuity [®] Ellipta [®] , AND Asmanex [®]
Armonair Digihaler,	HFA
Asmanex Twisthaler,	
Flovent Diskus,	
Pulmicort Flexhaler	
LABA: Arcapta	Serevent® Diskus®, unless request is for a nebulized
Neohaler, Brovana,	LABA and documentation supports inability to use
Perforomist, Striverdi	inhaler devices
Respimat	
<u>LAMA</u> : Lonhala	Incruse [®] Ellipta [®] , unless request is for a nebulized
Magnair, Seebri	LAMA and documentation supports inability to use
Neohaler, Spiriva,	inhaler devices
Spiriva Respimat,	
Yupelri	
Brand Advair Diskus,	Medical justification supports inability to use generic
Advair HFA	fluticasone/salmeterol products (generic Advair
	Diskus, Wixela [™] Inhub [™]) (e.g., contraindications to
	excipients)



Requested Agent	Required Step Through Agent(s)
Brand Symbicort	Medical justification supports inability to use generic
	Symbicort (e.g., contraindications to excipients)
All other ICS/LABA:	Fluticasone/salmeterol (generic Advair Diskus or
AirDuo Digihaler,	Wixela Inhub) AND budesonide/formoterol (generic
AirDuo RespiClick, Breo	Symbicort)
Ellipta, Dulera	
<u>LABA/LAMA</u> : Anoro	• For COPD only: one LABA (e.g., Serevent Diskus)
Ellipta, Bevespi	in combination with one LAMA (e.g., Incruse
Aerosphere, Duaklir	Ellipta)
Pressair, Stiolto	• For asthma or COPD: fluticasone/salmeterol
Respimat, Utibron	(generic Advair Diskus or Wixela Inhub) AND
Neohaler	budesonide/formoterol (generic Symbicort)
ICS/LABA/LAMA:	• For COPD only: one LABA (e.g., Serevent Diskus)
Breztri Aerosphere,	in combination with one LAMA (e.g., Incruse
Trelegy Ellipta	Ellipta)
	• For asthma or COPD: fluticasone/salmeterol
	(generic Advair Diskus or Wixela Inhub) OR
	budesonide/formoterol (generic Symbicort)

- 4. For requests for an agent with a digital component (e.g., Digihaler products): Medical justification supports necessity of the digital component (i.e., rationale why inhaler usage cannot be tracked manually);
- 5. Request does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. The health plan quantity limit;
 - b. The FDA-approved maximum dose for the relevant indication (see Section V).

Approval duration: 12 months

C. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Requests in Section I (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. If request is for Xopenex HFA/inhalation solution, albuterol has not been used within the past 3 months as evidenced by pharmacy claims history;
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, request does not exceed one of the following (a or b): a. The health plan quantity limit;
 - b. The FDA-approved maximum dose for the relevant indication (see Section V).

Approval duration: 12 months



B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.

Approval duration: Duration of request or 12 months (whichever is less); or

2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key COPD: chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

EIB: exercise-induced bronchospasm FDA: Food and Drug Administration

ICS: inhaled corticosteroid

GINA: Global Initiative for Asthma

GOLD: Global Initiative for Chronic

Obstructive Lung Disease

LABA: long acting beta-2 agonist

LAMA: long acting muscarinic antagonist

SABA: short acting beta-2 agonist

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business

and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
albuterol (ProAir HFA®, Proventil HFA®, Ventolin HFA®)	Metered-dose inhaler [MDI] (e.g., ProAir HFA): 2 puffs every 4 to 6 hours as needed Nebulization solution: 2.5 mg via oral	MDI: 12 puffs/day Nebulization solution: 4 doses/day or 10 mg/day
	inhalation every 6 to 8 hours as needed	Higher maximum dosages for inhalation products have been recommended in National Asthma Education and Prevention Program guidelines for acute exacerbations of asthma.



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Arnuity Ellipta (fluticasone furoate)	Asthma: ≥ 12 years: 100-200 mcg inhaled QD 5-11 years: 50 mcg inhaled QD	Asthma: ≥ 12 years: 200 mcg/day 5-11 years: 50 mcg/day
budesonide/formoterol (Symbicort)	Asthma: 2 inhalations BID COPD: 2 inhalations (160/4.5 mcg) BID	Asthma/COPD: 160/4.5 mcg BID
fluticasone/salmeterol (Advair Diskus, Wixela Inhub)	Asthma: 1 inhalation BID (starting dosage is based on asthma severity COPD: 1 inhalation of 250/50 mcg BID	Asthma: 500/50 mcg BID COPD: 250/50 mcg BID
Incruse Ellipta (umeclidinium)	COPD: 1 inhalation (62.5 mcg) QD	COPD: 62.5 mcg/day
Qvar RediHaler (beclomethasone)	Asthma: ≥ 12 years: 40 mcg, 80 mcg, 160 mcg, or 320 mcg inhaled BID 4-11 years: 40 mcg or 80 mcg inhaled BID	Asthma: ≥ 12 years: 640 mcg/day 4-11 years: 160 mcg/day
Serevent (salmeterol)	Asthma/COPD: 1 inhalation (50 mcg) BID	Asthma/COPD: 100 mcg/day
Tudorza Pressair (aclidinium)	COPD: 1 inhalation (400 mcg) BID	COPD: 800 mcg/day
Asmanex HFA	Asthma: 2 inhalations BID (starting dosage is based on age and asthma severity)	800 mcg/day

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
 - All agents: hypersensitivity to any component of the requested agent or the following as additionally specified:
 - Xopenex: racemic albuterol
 - Advair Diskus, AirDuo Digihaler/RespiClick, Anoro Ellipta, ArmonAir Digihaler, Asmanex Twisthaler, Breo Ellipta, Flovent Diskus, Pulmicort Flexhaler, Trelegy Ellipta: milk proteins
 - Brovana: racemic formoterol
 - Advair HFA/Diskus, AirDuo Digihaler/RespiClick, Alvesco, ArmonAir Digihaler, Asmanex Twisthaler, Breo Ellipta, Dulera, Flovent Diskus, Pulmicort Flexhaler/Respules, Trelegy Ellipta: primary treatment of status asthmaticus or acute episodes of asthma or COPD requiring intensive measures



- Anoro Ellipta, Arcapta Neohaler, Bevespi Aerosphere, Brovana, Duaklir Pressair,
 Stiolto Respimat, Striverdi Respimat, Perforomist, Utibron Neohaler: use of a LABA without an ICS in patients with asthma
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- Although inhaler devices with a digital component may offer increased convenience with tracking of inhaler usage, there is currently no evidence that this leads to improved clinical outcomes, including safety and effectiveness.
- Per the Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (GOLD) COPD guidelines, combination therapy (LAMA + LABA, ICS + LABA, or ICS + LAMA + LABA) is recommended for Group D patients (i.e., those who are very symptomatic and are at high risk of exacerbation). Selection of which combination to use depends on the individual patient:
 - o For those with more severe symptoms, LAMA + LABA may be used.
 - For those with a history of asthma or blood eosinophil counts at least 300 cells/uL, LABA + ICS may be used.
 - For those who are inadequately controlled by dual therapy, triple therapy with ICS + LAMA + LABA may be used.
- Historical management of asthma has involved an as-needed short-acting beta agonist for reliever therapy, with stepwise approach to add on controller maintenance therapies such as inhaled corticosteroids and long-acting beta agonists. In 2019, the Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA) guidelines for asthma management and prevention began recommending that inhaled corticosteroids be initiated as soon as possible after diagnosis of asthma, including use as reliever therapy (to be administered as-needed alongside a short-acting beta agonist). The National Asthma Education and Prevention Program from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute followed suit with their recommendations in 2020.
- Alvesco: Use in pediatric patients < 12 years of age: Two identically designed randomized, double-blind, parallel, placebo-controlled clinical trials of 12-weeks treatment duration were conducted in 1,018 patients aged 4 to 11 years with asthma but efficacy was not established. In addition, one randomized, double-blind, parallel, placebo-controlled clinical trial did not establish efficacy in 992 patients aged 2 to 6 years with asthma.
- Trelegy Ellipta: In its pivotal trial for asthma, all patients enrolled were inadequately controlled on their current treatments of combination therapy (ICS + LABA). In addition, per the GINA guidelines, the addition of a LAMA to combination medium/high dose ICS + LABA can be considered as an alternative controller option at steps 4/5, following use of /medium/high dose ICS + LABA.

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Advair Diskus	Asthma	1 inhalation BID (starting dosage is	500/50 mcg BID
		based on asthma severity)	_
	COPD	1 inhalation of 250/50 mcg BID	250/50 mcg BID
Advair HFA	Asthma	2 inhalations BID (starting dosage is	2 inhalations of
		based on asthma severity)	230/21 mcg BID



Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
AirDuo	Asthma	1 inhalation BID (starting dosage is	232/14 mcg BID
Digihaler		based on asthma severity)	
AirDuo	Asthma	1 inhalation BID (starting dosage is	232/14 mcg BID
RespiClick		based on asthma severity)	
Alvesco	Asthma	Starting dose for patients who received bronchodilators alone: 80 mcg inhaled BID	320 mcg/day
		Starting dose for patients who received inhaled corticosteroids: 80 mcg inhaled BID	640 mcg/day
		Starting dose for patients who received oral corticosteroids: 320 mcg inhaled BID	640 mcg/day
Anoro Ellipta	COPD	One inhalation by mouth QD	1 inhalation/day
Arcapta Neohaler	COPD	75 mcg inhaled orally QD	75 mcg/day
ArmonAir Digihaler	Asthma	1 inhalation BID (starting dosage is based on asthma severity)	232 mcg BID
Asmanex Twisthaler	Asthma	Dose varies based on previous therapy and age: 1 inhalation QD-BID	880 mcg/day
Bevespi Aerosphere	COPD	2 inhalations BID	2 inhalations/day
Breo Ellipta	Asthma	1 inhalation of 100/25 or 200/25 mcg QD	200/25 mcg/day
	COPD	1 inhalation of 100/25 mcg QD	100/25 mcg/day
Breztri Aerosphere	COPD	2 inhalations by mouth BID	4 inhalations/day
Brovana	COPD	One 15 mcg/2 mL vial inhaled via nebulizer every 12 hours	30 mcg/day
Duaklir Pressair	COPD	One inhalation by mouth BID	2 inhalations/day
Dulera	Asthma	Age 5 to 11 years: 2 inhalations of 50/5 mcg BID Age ≥ 12 years: 2 inhalations of	200/5 mcg/day 800/20 mcg/day
		100/5 mcg or 200/5 mcg BID (starting dosage is based on asthma severity)	
Flovent Diskus	Asthma	1 inhalation BID (starting dosage is based on asthma severity)	2,000 mcg/day
Lonhala Magnair	COPD	One 25 mcg vial inhaled via nebulizer BID	50 mcg/day



Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Perforomist	COPD	One 20 mcg/2 mL vial inhaled via	40 mcg/day
		nebulizer every 12 hours	
ProAir	Treatment or	2 inhalations every 4 to 6 hours	12 inhalations/day
Digihaler	prevention of		
	bronchospasm		
	Prevention of	2 inhalations 15 to 30 minutes	2 inhalations
	EIB	before exercise	before exercise
Pulmicort	Asthma	Starting dose of 180-360 mcg	720 mcg BID
Flexhaler		inhaled BID	
Pulmicort	Asthma	Starting dose for patients who	Bronchodilator
Respules		received bronchodilators alone or	alone: 0.5 mg/day
Troop with		inhaled corticosteroids: 0.5 mg	
		inhaled per day (0.5 mg QD or 0.25	Inhaled or oral
		mg BID; for inhaled corticosteroids,	corticosteroid: 1
		may go up to 0.5 mg BID)	mg/day
		may go up to one mg 212)	mg, day
		Starting dose for patients who	
		received oral corticosteroids: 1 mg	
		inhaled per day (1 mg QD or 0.5 mg	
		BID)	
Seebri	COPD	One inhalation (15.6 mcg) BID	2 inhalations/day
Neohaler		(
Spiriva	COPD	Two inhalations (18 mcg) QD	18 mcg/day
Handihaler			
Spiriva	Asthma	Two inhalations (1.25 mcg) QD	2.5 mcg/day
Respimat	COPD	Two inhalations (2.5 mcg) QD	5 mcg/day
Stiolto	COPD	Two inhalations by mouth QD at the	2 inhalations/day
Respimat		same time of day	
Striverdi	COPD	Two inhalations QD	5 mcg/day
Respimat			
Symbicort	Asthma	2 inhalations BID (starting dosage is	160/4.5 mcg BID
		based on asthma severity)	
	COPD	2 inhalations (160/4.5 mcg) BID	160/4.5 mcg BID
Trelegy	COPD	1 inhalation (100/62.5/26 mcg) by	1 inhalation/day
Ellipta		mouth QD	
	Asthma	1 inhalation (100/62.5/26 mcg or	1 inhalation/day
		200/62.5/26 mcg) by mouth QD	
Utibron	COPD	Inhalation of the contents of one	2 capsules/day
Neohaler		capsule BID	
Xopenex HFA	Treatment or	2 puffs every 4 to 6 hours as needed;	2 puffs every 4
	prevention of	in some patients, 1 puff every 4	hours; higher
	bronchospasm	hours may be sufficient	doses may be
	1		required acutely
			during severe
			exacerbations
L	1	1	



Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Xopenex	Treatment or	0.31 mg to 1.25 mg inhaled via	1.25 mg/dose 3
inhalation	prevention of	nebulization 3 times per day, given	times/day
solution	bronchospasm	every 6 to 8 hours	
Yupelri	COPD	One 175 mcg mcg vial inhaled via	175 mcg/day
		nebulizer QD	

VI. Product Availability

. <u>Product Availal</u>	bility
Drug Name	Availability
Advair Diskus	Inhalation powder containing fluticasone/salmeterol: 100/50 mcg, 250/50
	mcg, 500/50 mcg
Advair HFA	Inhalation aerosol containing fluticasone/salmeterol: 45/21 mcg, 115/21
	mcg, 230/21 mcg
AirDuo	Inhalation powder: In each actuation: 55/14 mcg contains 55 mcg of
Digihaler	fluticasone propionate and 14 mcg of salmeterol; 113/14 mcg contains
	113 mcg of fluticasone propionate and 14 mcg of salmeterol; 232/14 mcg
	contains 232 mcg of fluticasone propionate and 14 mcg of salmeterol.
	AirDuo Digihaler contains a built-in electronic module
AirDuo	Inhalation powder: In each actuation: 55 mcg/14 mcg contains 55 mcg of
RespiClick	fluticasone propionate and 14 mcg of salmeterol; 113 mcg/14 mcg
	contains 113 mcg of fluticasone propionate and 14 mcg of salmeterol; 232
	mcg/14 mcg contains 232 mcg of fluticasone propionate and 14 mcg of
A 1	salmeterol
Alvesco	Inhalation aerosol: 80 mcg/actuation, 160 mcg/actuation
Anoro Ellipta	Inhalation powder: Inhaler containing 2 foil blister strips of powder
	formulation for oral inhalation. One strip contains umeclidinium 62.5 mcg
A	per blister and the other contains vilanterol 25 mcg per blister
Arcapta	Inhalation powder hard capsules: 75 mcg
Neohaler	T 1 1 4 1 2 2 2 C C 4 4 1 2 2 2 2 C C 4 4 1 2 2 2 2 2 C C C 4 4 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
ArmonAir	Inhalation powder containing 55 mcg, 113 mcg, or 232 mcg of fluticasone
Digihaler	propionate per actuation. ArmonAir Digihaler contains a built-in
A company	labeletion devices 110 mag (delivers 100 mag/actuation) 220 mag
Asmanex Twisthaler	Inhalation device: 110 mcg (delivers 100 mcg/actuation), 220 mcg
	(delivers 200 mcg/actuation)
Besvespi Aerosphere	Inhalation aerosol: pressurized metered dose inhaler containing a combination of glycopyrrolate (9 mcg) and formoterol fumarate (4.8 mcg)
Acrosphere	per inhalation; two inhalations equal one dose
Breo Ellipta	Foil blister strips with inhalation powder containing fluticasone/vilanterol:
Bieo Empia	100/25 mcg, 200/25 mcg
Breztri	Inhalation aerosol: pressurized metered dose inhaler containing a
Aerosphere	combination of budesonide (160 mcg), glycopyrrolate (9 mcg), and
Acrosphere	formoterol fumarate (4.8 mcg) per inhalation
Brovana	Inhalation solution (unit-dose vial for nebulization): 15 mcg/2 mL
Duaklir	Inhalation powder: 30 and 60 metered dose dry powder inhaler metering
Pressair	400 mcg aclidinium bromide and 12 mcg formoterol fumarate per
11000011	actuation
	uctuation .



Drug Name	Availability
Dulera	Inhalation aerosol containing mometasone/formoterol: 50/5 mcg, 100/5
2 57514	mcg, 200/5 mcg per actuation
Flovent	Inhalation powder: Inhaler containing fluticasone propionate (50, 100, or
Diskus	250 mcg) as a powder formulation for oral inhalation
Lonhala	Sterile solution for inhalation in a unit-dose vial: 25 mcg/mL
Magnair	
Perforomist	Inhalation solution (unit dose vial for nebulization): 20 mcg/2 mL solution
ProAir	Inhalation powder: dry powder inhaler 108 mcg of albuterol sulfate
Digihaler	(equivalent to 90 mcg of albuterol base) from the mouthpiece per
	actuation. The inhaler is supplied for 200 inhalation doses. ProAir
	Digihaler includes a built-in electronic module
Pulmicort	Inhalation device with powder: 90 mcg, 180 mcg
Flexhaler	
Pulmicort	Inhalation suspension: 0.25 mg/2 mL, 0.5 mg/2 mL, 1 mg/2 mL
Respules	
Seebri	Inhalation powder in capsules: 15.6 mcg of glycopyrrolate inhalation
Neohaler	powder for use with the Neohaler device
Spiriva	Inhalation powder in capsules: 18 mcg tiotropium powder for use with
Handihaler	Handihaler device
Spiriva	Inhalation spray: 1.25 mcg or 2.5 mcg tiotropium per actuation; two
Respimat	actuations equal one dose (2.5 mcg or 5 mcg)
Stiolto	Inhalation spray: 2.5 mcg tiotropium (equivalent to 3.124 mcg tiotropium
Respimat	bromide monohydrate), and 2.5 mcg olodaterol (equivalent to 2.736 mcg
	olodaterol hydrochloride) per actuation; two actuations equal one dose
Striverdi	Inhalation spray: Each actuation from the mouthpiece contains 2.7 mcg
Respimat	olodaterol hydrochloride, equivalent to 2.5 mcg olodaterol. Two
_	actuations equal one dose
Symbicort	Metered-dose inhaler: budesonide (80 or 160 mcg) and formoterol (4.5
	mcg) as an inhalation aerosol
Trelegy	Inhalation powder: disposable inhaler containing 2 foil strips of 30 blisters
Ellipta	each: one strip with fluticasone furoate (100 mcg or 200 mcg per blister),
	and the other strip with a blend of umeclidinium and vilanterol (62.5 mcg
	and 25 mcg per blister, respectively)
Utibron	Inhalation powder in capsule, for use with the Neohaler device: 27.5 mcg
Neohaler	of indacaterol and 15.6 mcg glycopyrrolate
Xopenex	Inhalation aerosol (15 g pressurized canister containing 200 actuations):
HFA	59 mcg of levalbuterol tartrate (equivalent to 45 mcg of levalbuterol free
	base) per actuation
Xopenex	• Inhalation solution (unit-dose vial for nebulization): 0.31 mg/3 mL,
inhalation	0.63 mg/3 mL, 1.25 mg/3 mL
solution	• Inhalation solution concentrate: 1.25 mg/0.5 mL
Yupelri	Inhalation solution (unit-dose vial for nebulization): 175 mcg/3 mL



VII. References

SABA

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Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T
		Approval Date
Policy created: adapted from previously approved individual drug	10.29.20	02.21
policies - CP.PMN.07 Xopenex HFA/Inhalation Solution,		
CP.PMN.31 Advair Diskus/HFA, CP.PMN.146 Trelegy Ellipta,		
CP.PMN.147 Utibron Neohaler, CP.PMN.148 Anoro Ellipta,		
CP.PMN.200 Duaklir Pressair, CP.PMN.201 Brovana, CP.PMN.203		



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Arcapta Neohaler, CP.PMN.204 Striverdi Respimat, CP.PMN.229		
Breo Ellipta, and CP.PMN.230 Dulera (all to be retired); added		
additional agents and revised criteria to reflect SDC CY2021		
strategy/prior clinical guidance; added requirement for medical		
justification for requests for agents with digital component.		
Added option for request to not exceed the health plan quantity limit.	04.23.21	
1Q 2022 annual review: per November SDC removed Asmanex HFA	11.30.21	02.22
as product requiring prior authorization and revised required step		
through agents for all other ICS products from "Qvar RediHaler		
AND Arnuity Ellipta" to "Qvar RediHaler, Arnuity Ellipta, AND		
Asmanex HFA"; added 12 month initial approval authorization for		
Xopenex for legacy WellCare (WCG.CP.PMN.07 to be retired);		
references reviewed and updated.		

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.



This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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